## Section 2.8: The Derivative as a Function

## Problem 1.

(a) Show that $f(x)=x^{2 / 3}$ is not differentiable at $x=0$.
(b) Determine where the function $g(x)=x+|x|$ is not differentiable. Draw the graphs of $g$ and $g^{\prime}$.

Problem 2. Let

$$
f(x)= \begin{cases}0 & \text { if } x \leq 0 \\ 5-x & \text { if } 0<x<4 \\ \frac{1}{5-x} & \text { if } x \geq 4\end{cases}
$$

(a) Where is $f$ discontinuous?
(b) Find $f^{\prime}(4)$, if it exists. If it does not exist, show why.
(a) Where is $f$ differentiable?

Problem 3. Match the graphs of the functions in (a)-(f) with the graphs of their derivatives in (A)-(F).
(a)

(b)

(c)

(A)

(B)

(C)
(c)

(d)

(e)

(f)

(D)

(E)

(F)


## Section 3.1: Derivatives of Polynomials \& Exponential Functions

Problem 4. Find the point on the curve $y=1+2 e^{x}-3 x$ at which the tangent line is parallel to the line $3 x-y=5$.

Problem 5. Show that the curve $y=2 e^{x}+3 x+5 x^{3}$ has no tangent line with slope 2 .

## Section 3.2: The Product \& Quotient Rules

Problem 6. Find $f^{\prime}(x)$ and $f^{\prime \prime}(x)$ for $f(x)=\sqrt{x} e^{x}$.
Problem 7. Find the derivative of $y=\frac{x^{2} e^{x}}{x^{2}+e^{x}}$.

